

Colorado Springs Pioneers Museum



Self-Guided Learning Packet



Name: _____

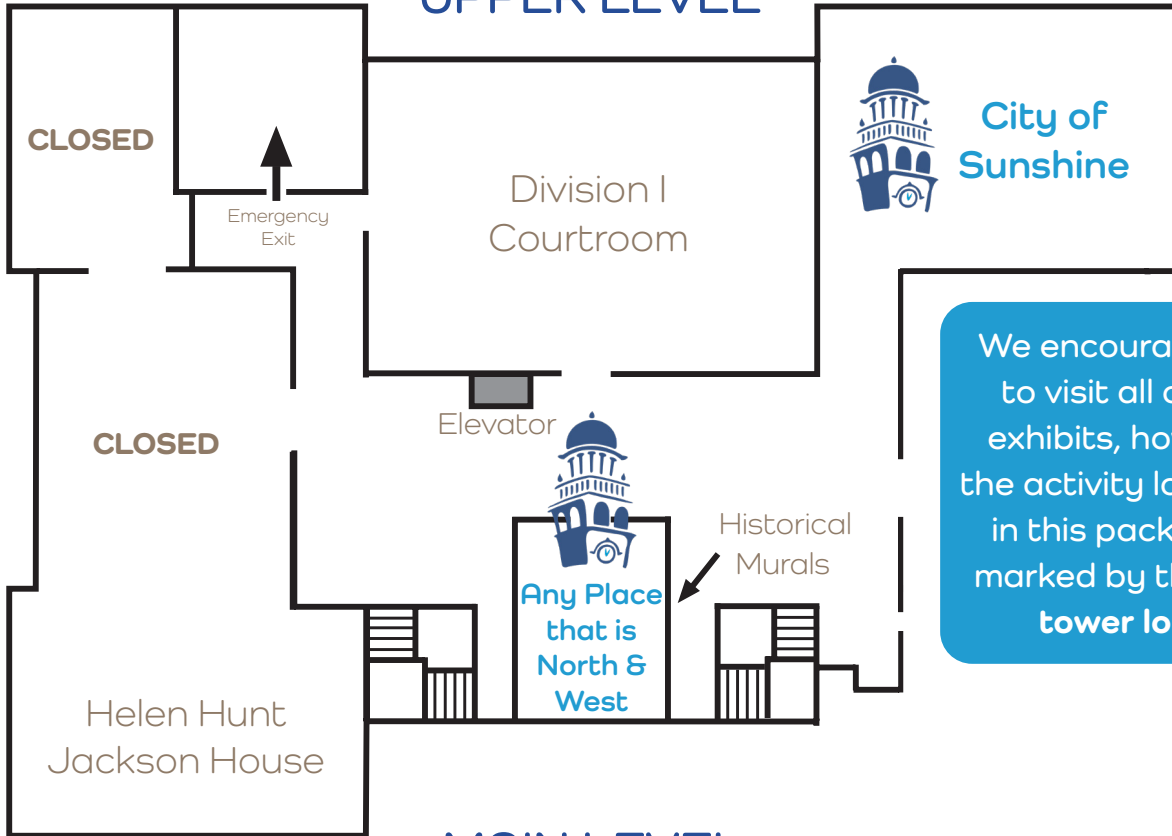
Grades: 9-12
STUDENT GUIDE

Connection to Standards • History

High School

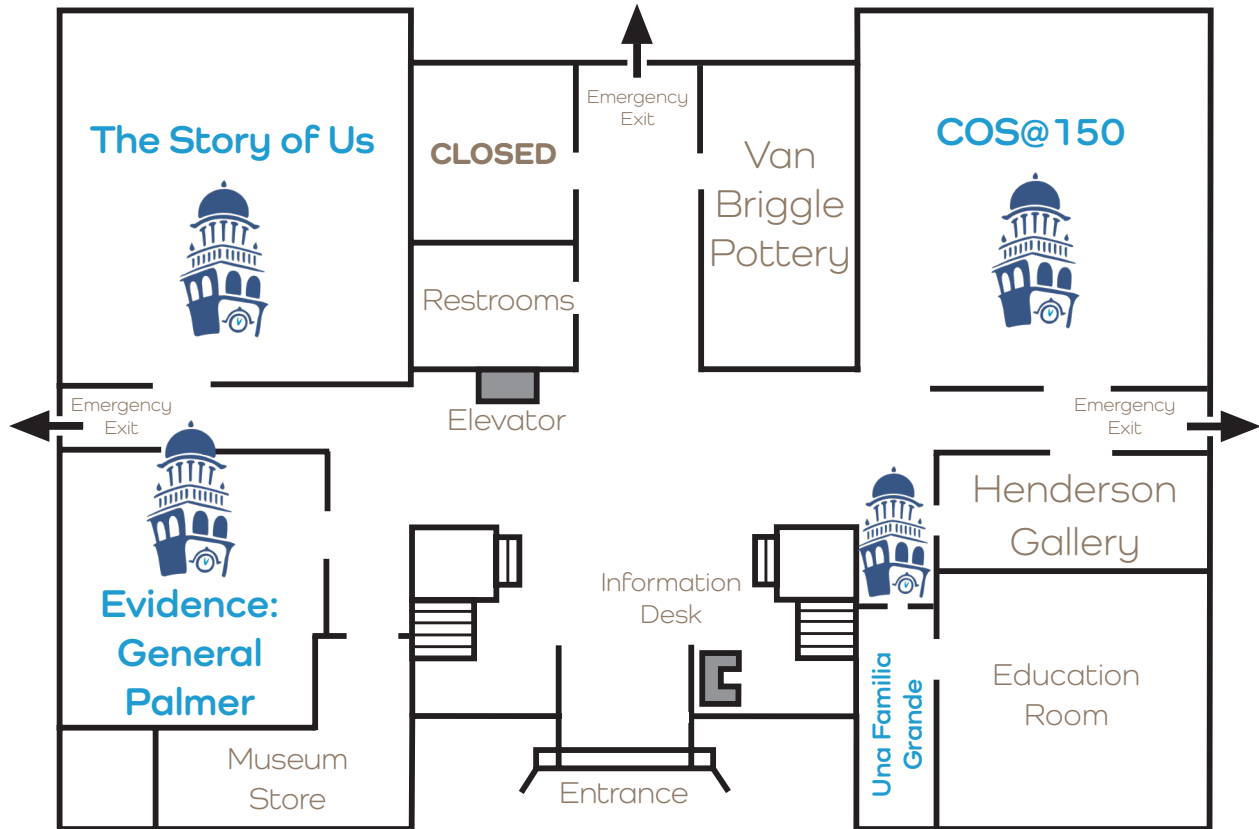
- 1.1.1.a, b, c
- 1.2.2.a, b, c, d, f
- 1.2.3.d

UPPER LEVEL



We encourage you to visit all of the exhibits, however, the activity locations in this packet are marked by the **blue tower logo**.

MAIN LEVEL



Share photos from your visit!

@cspioneersmuseum



THE STORY OF US

1. Our community is made up of a unique array of diverse stories. In the exhibit examine the stories of **individuals** and provide (1) example of someone who migrated to Colorado from another country and (1) example of someone who migrated to Colorado from another state. Name one thing each individual is remembered for.
2. Julia Archibald Holmes and Amelia Bloomer were both suffragists. What is a suffragist? How did the Bloomer Girl costume contribute to the suffragist movement?



What year was the city of Colorado Springs founded?

Hint: "X Marks the Spot" _____

UNA FAMILIA GRANDE

1. Where was the Conejos Neighborhood located? What is there today?
2. Read the "Change" label. List (2) major events that brought change to the neighborhood. Were these changes positive or negative?
3. Visit the **Rio Grande Market Display**. List (2) items that were sold at the store. Do you see something that you use/eat today in the case? What did this store mean to the community?



What year did Severiano "Sam" Melena immigrate to Colorado? Hint: "Connection" _____

EVIDENCE: WILLIAM J. PALMER

This exhibit uses primary sources as evidence to tell the Palmer family story. **Primary sources** are first-hand, original accounts or evidence about a person, place, object, or an event.

Find (3) examples of primary sources in the exhibit. Explain for each: What makes this a primary source? What story does it tell about Palmer and his family?

1.

2.

3.



What year did Palmer join the Kansas Pacific Railway?

Hint: "A Perpetual Uphill Fight for Success" _____

ANY PLACE THAT IS NORTH & WEST

During the Great Migration millions of Black citizens fled the South and moved to northern and western cities such as Colorado Springs. **What caused this migration?**

Historically, what challenges/limitations did African Americans face in Colorado Springs? Provide (2) examples and support your examples with a primary source.

Challenge/Limitation #1

Primary Source

Challenge/Limitation #2

Primary Source



What year did Juanita Hairston file a Civil Rights suit against the Ute Movie Theater? _____

CITY OF SUNSHINE

Colorado Springs marketed itself as the ideal location for “chasing the cure” and recovering from Tuberculosis. List (2) features of our region that attracted health seekers:

Located at the entrance, TB hut and exit there are stories of Tuberculosis patients. Focus on the stories of the three people listed below and describe how **gender, class, and/or ethnicity** affected their access to treatment.

Sophie Rath Thomas

Sedley B. Jones

Dr. Samuel Edwin Solly



What year was the height of Tuberculosis treatment in Colorado Springs? Hint: “In Aere Salus” _____

COS@150

1. The COS@150 exhibit is organized chronologically from 1871 (the year our city was founded) to today. Explore the exhibit and choose (3) objects to complete the activity below:

	OBJECT #1	OBJECT #2	OBJECT #3
Describe the object:			
Year/Decade:			
What story does it tell and why is this important to local history?			



What year did the Civic League design and present our city’s flag? Hint: Look for a flag _____

TIMELINE ACTIVITY



Add the dates from each exhibit.

Did you know? American Indians have lived in this region for thousands of years.

1860

_____ : Palmer joined the Kansas Pacific Railway

1865: The American Civil War ended

_____ : The city of Colorado Springs founded

1887: Ute Territory in Colorado reduced from 600,000 acres to 73,000 due to land allotments granted to white settlers (Dawes Act)

1891: The Colorado Springs Sun newspaper (owned and operated by a group of Black waiters at the Antlers Hotel) was established

1893: Colorado grants women the right to vote

_____ : Severiano "Sam" Melena immigrated to Colorado

_____ : The Civic League, a local women's organization, designed and presented the City of Colorado Springs' flag

_____ : Height of TB treatment in Colorado Springs

1929: Edith Bramhall became first woman to serve on Colorado Springs City Council

1935: Colorado passes Civil Rights Amendment

_____ : Juanita Hairston file a Civil Rights suit against the Ute Movie Theater

1943: Streptomycin, a drug used to cure TB, discovered

1945: WWII ends

TODAY

Did you know? Today there are over 7,000 Ute People, many of whom live on one of the three reservations. The towns of Towaoc and Ignacio, Colorado; and Fort Duchesne and White Rock, Utah are the seats of their tribal government.

WRITE & REFLECT: Which event listed on the timeline do you think had the greatest impact on our region? Why?